

Tokyo Metropolitan Government's Efforts to Expand and Promote the Use of Hydrogen Energy

Bureau of Industrial and Labor Affairs Tokyo Metropolitan Government (Hereafter TMG)

Visions for 2050 and Actions toward 2030

Goals for 2050

Green Hydrogen

Make full use of Green Hydrogen to support the mass introduction of renewable energy



Green Hydrogen Facility © Toshiba Energy Systems & Solutions Corporation

Hydrogen Powered Transport

Use green hydrogen to fuel large vehicles such as ships, aircraft, and so on



Image of a hydrogen aircraft © Kawasaki Heavy Industries, Ltd.

• Expected Contribution of Hydrogen to Various Fields

Use green hydrogen for power generation, heat demand (e.g. methanation), and industrial raw materials



Image of verification equipment © Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd



Visions for 2050 and Actions toward 2030



Introducing our Initiatives

Transport Sector	Green Hydrogen
 Promotion of the following: The development of hydrogen stations The introduction of fuel cell vehicles The introduction of fuel cell buses Early introduction of fuel cell trucks Project for fuel cell garbage trucks The introduction of fuel cell forklift trucks 	 Laying the foundations for green hydrogen use Collaboration with Yamanashi Prefecture Utilization in TMG facilities (generate precedent) Holding the Tokyo Green Hydrogen Roundtable HENCA Tokyo 2023 : Hydrogen Forum Use of hydrogen at the Tokyo 2020 Games Promote hydrogen production and the necessary equipment

Generate Momentum

- Collaboration to promote and educate the public
- Formulation of the Tokyo Hydrogen Vision
- Launched the Tokyo Hydrogen Navi, a special website

FY 2023 Topics

Holding ceremonies and events related to hydrogen

Fuel Cell Light Truck Launch

 On May 15, the Tokyo Project - Fuel Cell Light Truck Launch was held to mark the start of the introduction of fuel cell light trucks.



Ceremony for starting the use of Green Hydrogen from Yamanashi

 On May 25, the use of Green Hydrogen produced in Yamanashi Prefecture was started for the fuel cell installed at Tokyo Big Sight, which became the first TMG facility to use the hydrogen.



Ceremony for starting the use of Green Hydrogen from Yamanashi

Governor of Yamanashi Prefecture, Governor of Tokyo

Partnership agreement signed by Kawasaki City, Ota Ward, and TMG

On June 1, an agreement was concluded to enable the three parties to work together and expand the use of hydrogen, which is an effective means of maintaining and strengthening industrial competitiveness, stabilizing the supply of energy, and realizing carbon neutrality.



Mayor of Kawasaki City, Governor of Tokyo, Mayor of Ota Ward

Hydrogen Forum : HENCA Tokyo 2023

 On November 14th, a new international conference will be held to further advance the construction of an international hydrogen supply chain.

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Hydrogen use in the Transportation Sector



Hydrogen use in the Transportation Sector

Support for multi-energy stations (As of February, 2023)



Subsidies for the Management Expenses o

Support for environmentally friendly multi-energy stations, including the installation of hydrogen stations, quick-charging facilities, and renewable energy facilities

Support projects for the introduction of hydrogen stations for small and medium sized gas stations: 1) accepting inquiries for opening a hydro station, 2) offering study sessions on how to obtain qualifications, 3) seminars etc.

A TO MARKET	Subsidies for the Establishment of Hydrogen Stations				
ars	Items	Eligible recipient	Subsidy amount		
	Become bus compatible	All kinds of enterprises	100% up to 1 billion JPY *when combined with national subsidy		
Hydrogen Stations	Repairing/ expansion costs to become bus compatible	All kinds of enterprises	Max. 400 million JPY		
Subsidy amount	Subsidy rates of 80% applies to b	Subsidy rates of 80% applies to big enterprises and 100% to small and medium enterprises(SMEs)			
Max. 5 million JPY	for all the items below (TMG sole	o subsidy):	1		
Max. 10 million JPY	Non bus compatibility related	Big enterprises	Max. 174 million JPY (model case)		
	costs	SMEs	Max. 290 million JPY (model case)		
Max. 10 million JPY		Big enterprises	Max. 20 million JPY		
Max. 20 million JPY	Small stations	SMEs	Max. 50 million JPY		
	Installation of barrier walls	All kinds	Max. 30 million JPY		
Max. 20 million JPY	Removal/ relocation of	All kinds	Max. 30 million JPY		
Max. 40 million JPY	existing facilities				
Irogen Stations	Support for operational losses due to conversion/ installation	All kinds	Max. 5 million JPY		
80% (TMG solo subsidy) *current portion is 25%	Installation of next generation canopies	All kinds	Max. 100 million JPY		
100% (TMG solo subsidy) *current portion is 25%	Land development in unserved areas	All kinds	Max. 200 million JPY		

Items	Eligible recipient	Subsidy amount				
Hydrogen station	Big enterprises	Max. 5 million JPY				
management expenses	SMEs	Max. 10 million JPY				
Bus compatible	Big enterprises	Max. 10 million JPY				
(1 equipment system)	SMEs	Max. 20 million JPY				
Bus compatible (2 equipment system)	Big enterprises	Max. 20 million JPY				
	SMEs	Max. 40 million JPY				
Subsidies for the Land Expenses of Hydrogen Stations						
hydrogen station land	Big enterprises	80% (TMG solo subsidy) *current portion is 25%				
expenses	SMEs	100% (TMG solo subsidy)				

Promotion of hydrogen use in the transport field

Expanded use of fuel cell vehicles

Phasing out the sale of new gasoline-only passenger cars in Tokyo: 100% by 2030

* 1,539 fuel cell vehicles (FCVs) were owned as of the end of March 2023. Source: Statistics of Automobile Inspection & Registration Information Association

Subsidy projects

Goal

Project to expand the use of fuel cell vehicles

O Targets: Fuel cell vehicles



Fuel cell vehicle © Toyota Motor Corporation

O Subsidy: **1.1 million yen** for FCVs with a vehicle-to-load function or 1.0 million yen for FCVs without a vehicle-to-load function

(**Additional 250,000 yen** if 100% renewable electricity contract is concluded or solar power generation equipment (2 kW) is installed)

*Another subsidy is available for vehicles from automobile manufacturers that have a certain level of sales of ZEVs and others.

Project to introduce ZEVs to car sharing and rental services

O Targets: Fuel cell vehicles introduced for car sharing or rental services

O Subsidy: **2.0 million yen** for FCVs with a vehicle-to-load function or 1.9 million yen for FCVs without a vehicle-to-load function

*Another subsidy is available for vehicles from automobile manufacturers that have a certain level of sales of ZEVs and others.

Hydrogen use in the Transportation Sector

Promotion of Fuel Cell Buses

Aim	To have 300 'zero emission buses' in operation by 2030		
Current Situation	Number of Fuel cell buses in Tokyo 109 (As of November 2023)		
	Support for introduction costs [when combined with national subsidies]		
	【Basic subsidy】 Upper limit of 50,000,000JPY* *This figure is reached when you subtract the total government subsidy and the cost correspondent to a typical diesel bus		
Subsidy	 [Additional subsidy] Upper limit of 20,000,000JPY* * 1) dependent on a written agreement to introduce at least 5 units for 5 years, 2) must also go toward the maintenance of hydrogen stations 		
	• Support for fuel costs Subsidies for hydrogen stations in Tokyo to buses with a Tokyo license plate to account for the difference in cale price compared		
	Subsidies for hydrogen stations in Tokyo to buses with a Tokyo license plate to account for the difference in sale price compared to diesel fuel.		

Fuel Cell Bus ©TMG Bureau of Transportation

Hydrogen use in the Transportation Sector

Promote the Early Implementation of Fuel Cell Trucks

Current Status

- Participating in and collaborating with large-scale social implementation projects involving automobile manufacturers, shippers, logistics companies, etc.
- Number of Light-scale fuel cell trucks introduced in Tokyo area : 39 (as of the end of November 2023)

Project Overview

- Introducing Large Fuel Cell trucks, etc. from trunk logistics to last mile delivery
 Small FC trucks: Approximately 190 units (to be introduced gradually from 2023)
 Large FC trucks: Approximately 50 units (to be introduced gradually from 2025)
- Building an energy management system integrated with operation management

Subsidy Projects

Early Implementation Project for ZEV Trucks

- Provide subsidies to businesses that introduce fuel cell trucks
- Subsidies are provided to businesses and other entities that introduce fuel cell trucks, as an incentive, in order to promote wider use of FCVs (upper limit 13,000,000JPY)



Large Fuel Cell Truck ©Toyota Motor Corporation



Light-duty Fuel Cell Truck ©CJPT, Ltd.

Promotion of hydrogen use in the transport field

Trial operation and implementation support for fuel cell garbage trucks

Trial operation

Implementation support

- The project has been carried out in cooperation with Waseda University since FY 2019 using a project proposal system that welcomes suggestions from university researchers.
- Trial operation was conducted in Minato Ward in FY 2021 and Tama City from FY 2022 to 2023.

 Since FY 2023, FC garbage trucks have been lent free of charge for a certain period of time to municipalities that want to use them on a trial basis and support has

been provided to those aiming at the intensive introduction of them.

Fuel cell garbage truck

Implementation support for fuel cell forklifts

Progress so far

- In FY 2022, a survey of introduction status was carried out, verifying the use of actual equipment at logistics centers.
- Since FY 2023, a project has been in place to match businesses that are considering introducing fuel cell forklifts with businesses that provide the forklifts and hydrogen chargers, and part of the price of the forklifts has been subsidized for the businesses that choose to purchase them.



Fuel cell forklift © Toyota Industries Corporation

Collaboration with Yamanashi Prefecture

Project outline

• Conclusion of a Basic Agreement on Promoting the Use of Green Hydrogen with Yamanashi Prefecture

Collaboration in promoting the use of Green Hydrogen from Yamanashi Prefecture in Tokyo, and encouraging the development of technologies covering the production of Green Hydrogen through its use



Basic Agreement Signing event on October 28, 2022 with Yamanashi Governor Nagasaki and Tokyo Governor Koike



Building the foundation for the use of Green Hydrogen - Utilization at a TMG facility for creating introduction examples

Project outline

- A pure hydrogen fuel cell has been installed at a TMG facility, allowing TMG to demonstrate the advantages of using Green Hydrogen produced in Yamanashi Prefecture.
- PR for visitors has also been arranged.





Holding of the Tokyo Green Hydrogen Roundtable

Outline

Examples were shared in the discussions between companies and organizations making advanced efforts for expanding the use of Green Hydrogen etc. in August and November 2022 and February and May 2023.

1st Round on August 19, 2022

- Theme: Establishment of an international hydrogen supply chain and the expansion of Green Hydrogen etc.
- Participants: Iwatani Corporation, ENEOS, Kawasaki Heavy Industries, Shimizu Corporation, Sumitomo Corporation, Toshiba Energy Systems, Marubeni Corporation, Miura Industries

2nd Round on November 30, 2022

- Theme: Establishment of a hydrogen supply system including pipelines and the broader use of hydrogen
- Participants: Iwatani Corporation, ENEOS, Tokyo Gas, Toyota Motor Corporation, Ota Ward (observer)

3rd Round on February 14, 2023

- Theme: Hydrogen supply network (Green Hydrogen production and hydrogen transportation method)
- Participants: Asahi Kasei, ENEOS, Obayashi Corporation, Tokyo Gas, Toray, NEDO

4th Round on February 17, 2023

- Theme: Hydrogen supply network in the airport coastal area
- Participants: Kawasaki City, Ota Ward

5th Round on May 24, 2023

- Theme: Revision of the Basic Hydrogen Strategy of the national government and the formulation of the Hydrogen Industry Strategy and Hydrogen Safety Strategy
- Participants: Asahi Kasei, ENEOS, Kawasaki Heavy Industries, Chiyoda Corporation, Panasonic Holdings, Hitachi Zosen, Mitsui & Co., Ltd, Hydrogen Value Chain Promotion Council, High Pressure Gas Safety Institute

6th Round on February 17, 2023

- Theme: Exchange of opinions on hydrogen supply systems including pipelines, etc.
- Participants: JFE Steel, Tokyo Gas, Tokyo Gas Network, Nishimura & Asahi Law Office, High Pressure Gas Safety Association, Tokyo Energy
 Issues Advisory Board Committee member



Green Hydrogen production in Tokyo

Project content (1)

- Present TMG's model for producing and using Green Hydrogen by developing such efforts as designing Green Hydrogen production facilities to be installed on TMG-owned land
- Promote the broader use of Green Hydrogen by encouraging its implementation in Tokyo

Project content (2)

- Produce Green Hydrogen in Tokyo and develop production and supply centers to supply it in Tokyo
- Install solar panels and hydrogen production equipment on the Central Breakwater to produce hydrogen through renewable energy
- Implement the project in cooperation with the Tokyo Bay eSG Project in FY 2023 and FY 2024

Process from hydrogen production to use



Use of hydrogen produced in Fukushima Prefecture during the Tokyo 2020 Games

Hydrogen used at the Relaxation House and residential buildings in the Olympic Village

 Hydrogen produced with renewable energy in Fukushima Prefecture was used at the Relaxation House and in some of the residential buildings in the Olympic Village.



Relaxation House in the Olympic Village

Hydrogen used for the Olympic cauldron and relay torches

- Hydrogen was used for the first time in the history of the Games for the Olympic cauldron and some of the relay torches.
- In some of these cases the hydrogen used was produced with renewable energy in Fukushima Prefecture.



Olympic cauldron

Support for businesses introducing equipment producing or using hydrogen (1)

Project outline

 Project to promote the introduction of equipment in anticipation of the full-scale use of hydrogen from renewable energy

O Subsidized equipment

Equipment using hydrogen from renewable energy, pure hydrogen fuel cells, and hydrogen fuel boilers

O Subsidy rate and maximum subsidy

Equipment using hydrogen from renewable energy:

1/2 (up to 370 million yen)Pure hydrogen fuel cells: 2/3 (up to 87 million yen)Hydrogen fuel boilers: 2/3 (up to 45 million yen)



Support for businesses introducing equipment producing or using hydrogen (2)

Goal 30 MW of commercial and industrial fuel cells by 2030

Project outline

 Project to promote the formation of smart energy areas using hydrogen in the commercial and industrial sectors

O Subsidized equipment: Commercial and industrial fuel cells

O Subsidy rate and maximum subsidy: 2/3 (up to 333 million yen)

Support for businesses introducing equipment producing or using hydrogen (3)

Project outline

• Project to support the implementation of equipment producing or using Green Hydrogen (from FY 2023)

Hydrogen equipment manufacturers will propose model plans that package equipment covering production through use of Green Hydrogen in a form suitable for installation in Tokyo. Businesses will explore installation locations and costs by referring to the model plans. TMG will provide support for the introduction of these model plans.

Project content

Subsidized equipment	Subsidy rate	Scale	Maximum subsidy
One package ^{*1}	10/10	2	253 million yen
Other than one package		3	177 million yen
Renewable electricity equipment ^{*2}		-	54 million yen



- *1 Equipment that integrates hydrogen production through use in a container
- *2 Subsidy for scale according to hydrogen production capacity

Project sequence

- (1) Start of public invitation of model plans from manufacturers
- (2) The Public Service Corporation will publish proposed model plans. (from August, 2023)
- (3) Based on the published model plans, businesses will apply for subsidies to the corporation, contract with manufacturers, and start construction work for introducing equipment (installation and reporting to be completed by the end of December 2026).
- (4) The corporation will subsidize the introduction costs after businesses complete the introduction.
- (5) Businesses will hold a tour of equipment, disseminate information on it, and report the results to the corporation.

Hydrogen Energy Conference for Action: HENCA Tokyo 2023

To further advance the construction of an international hydrogen supply chain and technological development, a new international conference "HENCA Tokyo 2023" will be held by TMG. *HENCA is an abbreviation for Hydrogen Energy Conference for Action

The conference is archived at : <u>https://www.tokyo-h2-forum.metro.tokyo.lg.jp/en/</u>



Panel Discussion
HENCA Tokyo 2023
UNIT OF TOKYO 202

Governor Koike's speech



Panel Discussion

After the conference, a joint message was issued towards the social implementation of hydrogen in 2030.

A variety of collaborations to raise awareness of hydrogen

Agreements with Fukushima Prefecture, AIST, and Environmental Public Service Corporation

 Fukushima Prefecture, the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, Tokyo Environmental Public Service Corporation, and TMG signed a four-party agreement for the expansion of Green Hydrogen in 2016.



Basic agreement with NEDO

 An agreement was concluded with NEDO in 2020 to obtain technical knowledge for TMG's policies, and collaborate on information dissemination and awareness raising.



Hydrogen information center "Tokyo Hydrogen Museum"

 Easy-to-understand information on hydrogen is provided for all, from children to the elderly, at the Tokyo Hydrogen Museum, a comprehensive learning

facility established in 2016 where visitors can enjoy learning about hydrogen through a hands-on experience.



© Tokyo Environmental Public Service Corporation

Tokyo Hydrogen Promotion Team

 To foster a movement toward the expansion of hydrogen energy in both public and private sectors, the Tokyo Hydrogen Promotion Team was formed in

2017 in cooperation with more than 100 private companies and local governments in Tokyo.



Formulation of the Tokyo Hydrogen Vision

Outline of the Tokyo Hydrogen Vision

- Show the Tokyo of 2050 with hydrogen energy widespread.
- Present the direction of hydrogen initiatives toward the milestone of 2030.
- Encourage the understanding of Tokyo residents and participation of businesses by communicating the efforts of companies to make hydrogen more familiar.

Hydrogen mascot "Suison" © Tokyo Environmental Public Service Corporation

Chapter 1 Climate Crisis and Hydrogen Energy

Significance of hydrogen for the climate crisis and the realization of a decarbonized society

Chapter 2 Visions for 2050

Green Hydrogen fully utilized in all fields, including transport, power generation, and industrial fields, supporting the massive introduction and supply of renewable energy as well as contributing to decarbonization and a stable energy supply

Chapter 3 Direction of Actions toward a 2030 Carbon Half

Expanding the use of Green Hydrogen, ensuring the broader use of hydrogen in the transport and other fields



Creating a website featuring hydrogen energy: Tokyo Hydrogen Navigator

Outline of Tokyo Hydrogen Navigator

- A website that aggregates information on hydrogen energy to be opened in June 2023
- Aiming to provide an opportunity for Tokyo residents to become more familiar with hydrogen and for businesses to consider participating in the hydrogen business



Governor Koike's statement at COP28

- Attended COP28 "Local Climate Action Summit" and gave a lecture on Tokyo's initiatives
- Disseminating efforts towards launching a hydrogen exchange in collaboration with H2Global
- Date: Friday, December 1, 2023 Location: Dubai (United Arab Emirates (UAE))

The Tokyo Metropolitan Government will work with H2Global, an internationally known institution with one of the most developed support instruments for global hydrogen today, to promote efforts to establish a hydrogen exchange in Tokyo. In addition, we will promote efforts to form alliances with overseas cities and other entities to ensure the supply of hydrogen. Furthermore, in order to increase the demand for hydrogen, the Tokyo Metropolitan Government will take the lead in using it and encourage the private sector to do the same.

都は、世界有数の水素普及機関として 知られるH2Globalと連携して、東京に 水素取引所を立ち上げる取組を進めて いきます。

また、水素の供給を確保するため海外 の都市等とアライアンスを組む協定を結 ぶ取組を進めていきます。さらに、都が水 素の需要を伸ばすため、その利用を率 先して進め、民間にも働きかけを行って いきます。

